PRODUCT SPECIFICATION



POL 003 Anti Botulinum Toxin C

Rabbit polyclonal antibody

Article No.	51469				
Product Name	POL 003 Anti Botulinum Toxin C				
Batch	03082-0121		Expiry	July 2024	
Description	Preparation:	Sterile filtered, 0.22 μm pore size			
	Content:	1.0 mL ~10 mg/mL lgG			
	Solvent:	Serum with 15 mM NaN ₃			
	Storage:	2-8 °C			
Antigen	The toxins produced by various strains of Clostridium botulinum are the strongest biotoxins known. In humans these toxins are responsible for food poisoning (botulism) caused by the growth of the bacterium under anaerobic conditions e.g. in canned food. The poisoning manifests itself as a symmetrical paralysis culminating in death caused by respiratory failure. The toxins are produced as binary proteins that possess a heavy chain (approximately 100 kDa) and a light chain (approximately 50 kDa). The heavy chain is a binding component that directs the toxin to vulnerable cells, and the light chain is an enzyme that has mono(ADP-ribosyl)ating activity (1). The toxins are divided into 7 groups named A, B, C, D, E, F, and G where A, B, E, and F areassociated with human disease and C and D mainly with disease in animals (cattle).				
Immunoaen	Type C botulinum toxin treated with formaldehyde for detoxification.				
Specificity	In a Botulinum toxin ELISA coated with 0.1 µg/mL toxin type A, B, C D, E or F per well, POL 003 Anti Botulinum Toxin C reacts with botulinum toxin type C and shows some cross-reactivity to toxin type D. In an ELISA testing against botulinum toxoid A through F, POL 003 Anti Botulinum Toxin C reacts with toxoid type C and reacts very weakly to toxoid type D.				
Epitope Specificity	Not determined.				
Immunization	Rabbits were subcutaneously immunized with toxoid together with Freund's complete adjuvant and $AI(OH)_3$ initially and then likewise but with Freund's incomplete adjuvant in subsequent immunizations.				

PRODUCT SPECIFICATION



Application	Method	Usability	References	
	ELISA	yes	In house analysis	
	Immunoblotting	nd.		
	Immunofluorescence	nd.		
References	1) Simpson LL, Zepeda H, Ohishi I. (1988) Partial characterization of the enzymatic activity associated with the binary toxin (type C2) produced by Clostridium botulinum. Infect Immun. 56, 24-27.			

Version 1 · August 2021

Conditions

For research use only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures. Not for therapeutic use or applications.

The information and product are offered without guarantee as the ultimate conditions of use are beyond our control. The foregoing is in lieu of all warranties, expressed or implied, including implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose. In no event shall Statens Serum Institut be responsible for loss of profits or indirect consequential losses resulting from use of its products. The animals from which this product was derived have not been exposed to or inoculated with any livestock or poultry disease agents exotic to the United States or Western Europe, and did not originate from facilities where work with exotic disease agents affecting livestock or avian species is carried out.