PRODUCT SPECIFICATION



HYB 131-01 Anti-MBL (human)

Mouse monoclonal antibody

OVERVIEW Article No. 100882 (0.2 mL), 100883 (1.0 mL) Product Name HYB 131-01 Anti-MBL (human) Clone ID 3B6 Subclass IgG1 / Kappa Specificity HYB 131-01 Anti-MBL (human) is specific for MBL from human splasma.	serum or
Clone ID 3B6 Subclass IgG1 / Kappa Specificity HYB 131-01 Anti-MBL (human) is specific for MBL from human s	serum or
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Specificity HYB 131-01 Anti-MBL (human) is specific for MBL from human s	serum or
	serum or
Species Reactivity Human	
Epitope Specificity The epitope specificity differs from that of HYB 131-10 and HYB	131-11.
Immunogen MBL purified from human donor plasma.	
Fusion Partner X63-Ag8.653.	
Culture Medium Dulbecco's modified Eagle's medium with 10 % fetal calf serum	
TESTED Method Usability References APPLICATION	
Enzyme linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA) Yes In house and	alysis, 1
Immunohistochemistry (IHC) Yes 2	
Western Blot (WB) Yes In house and	alysis, 1
PRODUCT SPECIFIC INFORMATION HYB 131-01 is selective for normally oligomerized MBL in a sandwich ELISA using HYB as coat and conjugated HYB 131-01 as detection antibody (1). HYB 131-01 is also useful detection antibody in a mannan ELISA using mannan as coat. In Western blotting, HYB 131-01 reacts with human MBL both in its polymeric conformations as a single suburit of ann. 26 kDs (4).	ıl as
as a single subunit of app. 26 kDa (1). HYB 131-01 is also well suited for immunohistochemistry on human tissue samples, frozoparaffin embedded, from liver and brain (2).	en or
HYB 131-01 is also well suited for immunohistochemistry on human tissue samples, frozo	en or
HYB 131-01 is also well suited for immunohistochemistry on human tissue samples, frozo	en or
HYB 131-01 is also well suited for immunohistochemistry on human tissue samples, froze paraffin embedded, from liver and brain (2). PROPERTIES Conjugation: Unconjugated	en or
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PRODUCT SPECIFICATION



TARGET

Mannan-binding lectin (MBL), also called mannose-binding lectin or protein, is a C-type lectin and an important component in innate immunity. MBL is an oligomer i.e. forming dimers to hexamers of homotrimeric subunits of approximately 26 kDa polypeptides. This oligomerisation is essential for functional activity (3).

MBL forms a non-covalent complex with specific MBL-associated serine proteases (MASPs), termed MASP-1, -2, and -3. Upon binding to the surface of a pathogen, MASP-activation is initiated with subsequent complement activation and clearance through lysis or phagocytosis (4).

MBL-deficiency is the most common immune defect resulting in susceptibility to severe infections in early childhood, or if immuno-suppressed (5). MBL-deficiency has also been associated with several clinical disorders, e.g. autoimmune diseases, endocarditis, and septicaemia (5, 6).

Normal levels of oligomeric MBL in serum are $1-5~\mu g/mL$ whereas MBL-deficient serum levels are < 100 ng/mL, when estimated by a standard ELISA for MBL quantification (3). Due to the presence of different structural and promotor alleles 12 % or more of the Caucasian population have low concentrations (< 50 ng/mL) of normally oligomerized, functional MBL in plasma or serum (7).

REFERENCES

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- 4) Dommett RM, Klein N, Turner MW. (2006) Mannose-binding lectin in innate immunity: past, present and future. Tissue Antigens, 68(3):193-209.
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- 7) Steffensen R, Thiel S, Varming K, Jersild C, Jensenius JC (2000) Detection of structural gene mutations and promoter polymorphisms in the mannan-binding lectin (MBL) gene by polymerase chain reaction with sequence-specific primers. J Immunol Methods 241:33-42.

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